

* Latch



A latch is a special type of logical circuit. The latches have low and high two stable states.

It is also known as bistable-mutivibrator.

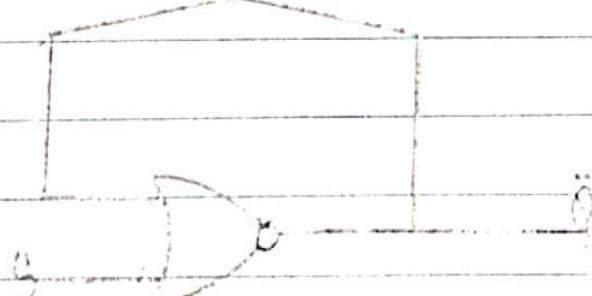
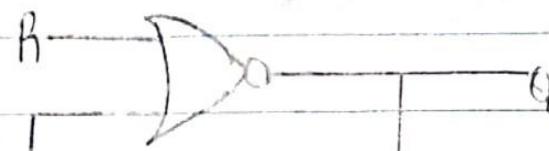
Based on the enable signal, the circuit works in two states.

- When the enable input is high, the both inputs are low.
- When the enable input is low, both the inputs are high.

• Basic RS Latch

- RS latch have two inputs, S and R.
S is called set.
R is called reset.
- The RS Latch design by connecting two NOR gates with a cross loop connection.

- The S input is used to produce High on Q.
The R input is used to produce Low on Q.
- Q' is complementary output of Q, so it always holds the opposite value of Q.
- The output of the S-R Latch depends on current as well as previous inputs.
(and its state (value stored) can change as soon as its inputs change.)



There are various types of latches:-

- D Latch
- JK Latch
- T Latch